# 2023

# Time - 3 hours

## Full Marks - 60

Answer **all groups** as per instructions.

Figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Draw labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

•	Fill	in the blanks. ( <u>all</u> )	[1 × 8
	(a)	The cuticle of the finger nail is called	
	(b)	Colour of skin is due to	
	(c)	Aquatic fish use a set of respiratory organs known as	
	(d)	Amphioxus has pair of aortic arches.	
	(e)	Systemic arch is present on side in mam	mals.
	(f)	Receptors which respond chemical stimulation is	called
	(g)	10th Cranial Nerve is called as	
	(h)	Embryos of all vertebrates havetype of kid	lneys.

#### GROUP - B

- 2. Write notes on <u>any eight</u> of the following within two or three sentences each. [1½ × 8
  - (a) Acetabulum
  - (b) Axial Skeleton
  - (c) Foramen of Monro
  - (d) Double circulation
  - (e) Chief cells
  - (f) Cerebrum
  - (g) Islets of Langerhans
  - (h) Duplex type of Uterus
  - (i) Contour Feather
  - (j) Mesonephros Kidney

#### **GROUP - C**

- 3. Answer any eight of the following within 75 words each. [2 × 8
  - (a) What are proprio-receptors?
  - (b) Functions of Sebaceous glands.

- (c) What are the types of feathers and their functions in birds?
- (d) Dentition in mammals
- (e) Differentiate between Placoid and Cycloid scale.
- (f) Differentiate between Chemoreceptor and Mechano receptor.
- (g) Functions of swim bladder
- (h) What are the parts of metanephros kidney?
- (i) Name the cranial nerves in vertebrate.
- (j) Note on coronary sinus

#### **GROUP - D**

- 4. Answer any four questions within 500 words each.
  - (a) Explain different types of integuments and their functions in vertebrates. [6]
  - (b) Compare the alimentary canal and its associated gland in vertebrates. [6]
  - (c) Discuss the types of Jaw suspensorium. [6
  - (d) Discuss the general plan of circulation in vertebrates. [6

- (e) Compare the Aortic arches in fishes, amphibia and mammals. [6]
- (f) Compare the brain of mammal with that of a reptile. [6
- (g) Describe the accessory respiratory organs in fishes. [6

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Fill in the blanks. ( <u>all</u> )		
(a)	glands secrete succus antericus.	
(b)	The enzymes which digest proteins are called	
(c)	The system transports oxygen directly from the outside to the tissues.	
(d)	Carbon dioxide is mostly carried in blood in the form of	
(e)	is called the blood bank of our body.	
(f)	is called the first pacemaker of the heart.	
(g)	Formation of RBCs in the bone marrow is called	
(h)	vein carries oxygeneted blood from lungs to the heart.	

#### GROUP - B

2.	Write notes on any eight of the following within two	or three sen-
	tences each.	[1½ × 8

- (a) Leucocytes
- (b) Larynx
- (c) Gastro intestinal tract
- (d) Tubular secretion
- (e) Salivary gland
- (f) Sphygmomanometer
- (g) Vitamin K
- (h) Bohr effect
- (i) Malpighian body
- (j) Alveoli

## GROUP - C

3. Write notes on any eight of the following within 75 words each.

[2 × 8

(a) Pacemaker

Gall bladder

Hamburger phenomena

(b)

(c)

(d)	Cutaneous Respiration	
(e)	Haemocytometer	
(f)	Composition of Blood	
(g)	Lung capacities	
(h)	Bile Pigments	
(i)	Haemoglobin	
(j)	Digestion of fat	
	<u>GROUP - D</u>	
Ans	wer <u>any four</u> questions within 500 words each.	
(a)	Give an account on chemical digestion of carbohydrate for	od [6
(b)	What is Blood Pressure? Describe its regulation.	[6
(c)	Describe the intrinsic and extrinsic pathway of clotting blood.	0
(d)	Describe the mechanism of Urine formation.	[6
(e)	Describe the Transport of Oxygen (O <sub>2</sub> ) in blood.	[6
	P.T.	0.

- (f) What is double circulation? Explain it with reference to the heart of man. [6]
- (g) Give an account of Regulation of Acid-Base balance in urinary tubule. [6

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#### Time - 3 hours

#### Full Marks - 60

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An	swer <u>all</u> questions and fill in the blanks as required. $[1 \times 8]$
(a)	Who discovered the Pathway of Glycolysis?
(b)	What is regarded as the mobile electron carrier in mitochon- drial electron transport system?
(c)	Name the biochemical process of metabolism where simple molecules combined to generate compound molecules.
(d)	enzyme builds glycogen by linking together glucose molecules.
(e)	How many ATPs generated from complete oxidation of Palmitic Acid?
(f)	is the process of synthesis of glycogen from glucose.

(g)	Ketone bodies are normally produced in
(h)	Arginine is converted to ornithine with removal of Urea by
(i)	is the process of transfer of the amino group from an amino acid to an keto acid.
	<u>GROUP - B</u>
Ans	wer <u>any eight</u> of the following within two or three sentences h. [1½ × 8
(a)	What is gluconeogenesis?
(b)	What is the fate of pyruvate in anaerobic respiration?
(c)	What is thermogenesis ?
(d)	What is intermediary metabolism?
(e)	Name two glucogenic aminoacids.
(f)	Give three examples of cofactors.
(g)	What is Ketosis ?
(h)	Differentiate between complex I and complex II of F <sub>1</sub> particles.
(i)	Name three inhibitors of respiratory chain.
(i)	What do you mean by phosphorylation 2

#### **GROUP - C**

3. Write notes on any eight of the following within 75 words each.

 $[2 \times 8]$ 

- (a) Importance of Redox action
- (b) Transamination
- (c) ATP synthase
- (d) Cori cycle
- (e) Carnitine shuttle system
- (f) Inhibitors of citric acid cycle
- (g) Ketone bodies
- (h) Malate-Aspartate shuttle
- (i) Uncouplers
- (j) Metabolic fate of Asparagine and Aspartate.

#### **GROUP - D**

- 4. Answer any four questions within 500 words each.
  - (a) Describe the mechanism and regulation of Glycerol-3 Phosphate shuttle. [6]

(b)	Write notes on:	[3 × 2
	(i) Cofactors	
	(ii) Stages of Catabolism	
(c)	Describe the process of Citric Acid cycle.	[6
(d)	Give an account of Glycogenesis.	[6
(e)	Discuss briefly on Urea cycle.	[6
(f)	Explain beta oxidation of Palmitic Acid.	[6
(g)	Give an account of inhibitors and uncouplers of El Transport System.	ectron [6
(h)	Give an account of mitochondrial respiratory chain.	[6

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1.	Fill	in the blanks. ( <u>all</u> )	[1 × 8
	(a)	Chemical name of vit D is	
	(b)	vitamin is essential for blood coagulation	l.
	(c)	organism causes 'Amoebiasis'.	
	(d)	Poliomyelitis caused due toinfection.	
	(e)	test is used for the diagnosis of Typhoid	fever.
	(f)	Ascaris lives in part of man.	
	(g)	Deficiency of Iodine causes disease.	
	(h)	In hepatitis, part of the body is mostly affe	ected.

#### GROUP - B

- Answer <u>any eight</u> of the following within two or three sentences each.
  - (a) What do you mean by balanced diet?
  - (b) What are polysaccharides?
  - (c) Write down the biological function of zinc.
  - (d) Write the symptoms of Taeniasis.
  - (e) Prevention of Marasmus
  - (f) Write down the harmful effects of smoking.
  - (g) Dietary modification of hypertension
  - (h) Non-essential aminoacids
  - (i) Causes of cold and cough
  - (j) What is Giardiasis?

#### GROUP - C

- 3. Answer any eight of the following within 75 words each. [2 × 8
  - (a) Vit. A deficiency their causes and treatment.
  - (b) Diabetes mellitus their causes and prevention.

- (c) Drug dependence
- (d) Classification of lipid
- (e) Phosphors and its biological function
- (f) Fever causes and treatment
- (g) Source of infection, symptoms and prevention of Ascariasis
- (h) Water-borne infections
- (i) Dietary source of protein and their properties
- (j) Definition and concept of health.

#### **GROUP - D**

- 4. Answer any four questions within 500 words each.
  - (a) Describe the needs and dietary pattern of nutrients in any four age groups studied by you. [6]
  - (b) Describe in details about water soluble vitamins and their importance.
    [6]
  - (c) What do you mean by protein-energy malnutrition? Write down the causes, symptom and dietary modification of Kwashiorkar.
  - (d) Discuss about the causes of obesity and to combat it with dietary and life style modification. [6

- (e) Discuss AIDS and its prevention. [6
- (f) What is potable water? Write down its sources and methods of purification. [6]
- (g) Write down the causes of food spoilage and their preventive measures. [6]